# **Tips for Sports Photography**

Sports photography captures the heart and soul of the game along with the action. Learn how to anticipate the emotional highs and lows to have the right assortment of photos.

Before the game	At the game	After the game
Know your camera settings	✓ You are not a coach, fan or	✓ Review your results
Practice at their practice	parent - you are "invisible"	✓ Workflow - discard, crop, quick
Know the sport	✓ Be prepared and be ready	correct, export, share
Know the location	✓ Choose the right lens - size of	✓ Share ASAP
Know the team	field, distance to players	✓ Share only the best 5% to 10%
Have a goal - one player, all	✓ Framing - ball, faces, joy	✓ Add items to your cheat sheet
players, Newtown Bee photo	✓ Location, Location, Location	for the next game

players, Newtown Bee photo ✓ Location, Location, Location ✓ Have a cheat sheet of key ✓ Arrive early, stay late shots and camera settings

✓ Capture the fans & field ...

✓ Listen for feedback

There are no "do-overs" at sports events. However, there are many do-over like opportunities.

Pre-game warm-up drills

Carefully choose a background

Focus on the action

Staging photos

❖ If you miss a key moment

❖ Ask the player to pose

Next game

Focus on the play or players you missed last time

## Capturing the heart and soul - preserve the emotion of the moment

**Moments** How

- ✓ Arriving, leaving, halftime ...
- ✓ Thrill of victory, agony of defeat, cheering
- ✓ Emotion determination, smile, tears ...
- ✓ Action score, goal, hit, catch, sprint ...
- ✓ Effect dust flying, water splashing ...
- ✓ Joy picking dandelions in the outfield ...

- ✓ The right place at the right time
- ✓ Inconspicuous without being seen
- ✓ Often a face is needed
- ✓ Perspective vary height and location
- ✓ Create a moment through interaction
- ✓ Willingness to forego some of your joy

# Freezing action - sharpness is critical

### **Equipment**

- ✓ Tripod stable, but hard to move. You need mobility to capture other views.
- ✓ Monopod some stability, easy to move, often the best choice
- ✓ Freehand always available, may not be stable if you use a large heavy lens
- ✓ Don't walk while shooting

Chane & Rhonda Cullens

### **Shutter Speed**

Is how long the sensor is exposed to light

- ✓ Most important setting
- √ 1/250 sec minimum walkers
- √ 1/500 sec minimum runners
- √ 1/1000 sec for fast ball movement
- ✓ Burst mode hold down the shutter and take multiple photos

## Flagpole Photographers Camera Club of Newtown, CT

Our mission is to enable members to share their photos and expertise, to learn and grow in their photography, and to enjoy the camaraderie of fellow photographers. Meetings the 2<sup>nd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Thursdays at the Newtown Senior Center

FlagpolePhotographers.com

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## **Balancing camera settings**

#### **Aperture**

Determines how much depth can be in focus

- ✓ Bigger number provides more opportunities to have sharp photos
- ✓ Smaller number gets rid of background distractions
- ✓ Smaller number allows for faster shutter speed

#### **Focus**

- ✓ Continuous focus tracking mode is best since the camera tries to keep the subject in focus
- ✓ Use a focus spot at the center of the lens to help you focus on the subject
- ✓ Look for other camera focus settings, e.g. prevent photo capture if out of focus

### **Exposure Metering**

Used to measure the amount of light

- ✓ Center-weighted best choice since the subject may not fill the lens
- ✓ Spot not a good choice because a very dark or very light jersey may confuse the camera
- ✓ For group and portrait photos use the default camera exposure style

#### ISO

Sensitivity of the sensor

- ✓ For sports, improved photo quality with high ISO is an important camera change
- ✓ High ISO is far better than a blurry photo from a slow shutter speed
- ✓ Test your camera's quality at different ISO settings to understand its capabilities
- ✓ Darker venues need higher ISOs

#### **Use Flash?**

Flash, artificial light, helps in darker arenas

- ✓ Is it allowed?
- ✓ Does it bother the athletes? Ask them.
- ✓ Subject must be closer to camera
- ✓ Find a location that slows perceived subject motion

#### **Sports Mode**

- ✓ Check if your camera has a "Sports" mode
- ✓ Use it to automatically configure settings
- ✓ Shutter speed, aperture, focus mode ...
- ✓ Extend "Sports" mode to your preferences by understanding what settings it is using

## **Presentation storytelling**

- ✓ Think about your story, is the story about 1 game or about the whole season
- ✓ How important are individual accomplishments vs team accomplishments
- ✓ What is your viewer expecting 1 minute, 5 minutes, 10 minutes, maybe 3 different short stories
- ✓ Plan and dynamically tweak your plan a losing team story might shift to teamwork & friends
- √ Variety use multiple styles of photography and perspectives across activities
- ✓ Words does your story need captions, short video clips or end of season stat sheet
- ✓ Action is always expected, save some of your best action photos for the end of the story
- $\checkmark$  Share in a style and format that works well for the viewer
  - ✓ A set of ordered photos
  - ✓ A video
  - ✓ Printed
- ✓ Summary a story delivers a lifetime of memories to the team, friends, family and to those who were never able to attend a game





















